



Legislative Scorecard 115th Congress 2017-2019

National Association of Police Organizations

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Report Card

115th Congress

Senate Votes



A description of the **National Association of Police Organizations** Legislative Priorities

Representing America's Finest

NAPO's Priority Votes

115th Congress, United States Senate

In order of Senate Roll Call Vote.

1st Session – 2017

- 1. Vote #55: Sessions Nomination – Cloture.** February 07, 2017. Motion to invoke cloture (thus limiting debate) on President Donald Trump's nomination of Jeff Sessions of Alabama to be attorney general. Motion agreed to 52-47. *NAPO Supported.*
- 2. Vote #59: Sessions Nomination – Confirmation.** February 08, 2017. Confirmation of President Donald Trump's nomination of Jeff Sessions of Alabama to be attorney general. Confirmed 52-47. *NAPO Supported.*
- 3. Vote #114: Rosenstein Nomination – Confirmation.** April 25, 2017. Confirmation of President Donald Trump's nomination of Rod J. Rosenstein of Maryland to be deputy attorney general. Confirmed 94-6. *NAPO Supported.*
- 4. Vote #303: HR 1: Tax Overhaul – Passage.** December 02, 2017. This bill would revise the federal income tax system by lowering individual and corporate tax rates, repealing various deductions through 2025, specifically by eliminating the deduction for state and local income taxes through 2025, increasing the deduction for pass-through entities and raising the child tax credit through 2025. It would also open parts of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil and gas drilling. Passed 51-49. *NAPO opposed provisions that would eliminated the state and local tax (SALT) deduction and apply the unrelated business income tax (UBIT) to public pension plans.*
- 5. Vote #323: HR 1 – Tax Cuts and Jobs Act – Conference Report – Motion to Concur.** December 20, 2017. This bill would revise the federal income tax system by lowering the corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent; lowering individual tax rates through 2025; limiting state and local deductions to \$10,000 through 2025; decreasing the limit on deductible mortgage debt through 2025; and creating a new system of taxing U.S. corporations with foreign subsidiaries. Specifically, it would repeal personal exemptions and would roughly double the standard deduction through 2025. It would raise the child tax credit to \$2,000 through 2025, would repeal the alternative minimum tax for corporations and provide for broader exemptions to the tax for individuals through 2025. It would double individual exemptions to the estate tax and gift tax through 2025, and would establish a new top tax rate for "pass-through" business income through 2025. Motion agreed to by a vote of 51-48. *NAPO opposed provisions that would eliminated the state and local tax (SALT) deduction and apply the unrelated business income tax (UBIT) to public pension plans.*

2nd Session - 2018

6. **Vote #60: HR 1865 – Allow States and Victims to Fight Online Sex Trafficking Act – Passage.** March 21, 2018. Passage of the bill that would make it a federal crime to use or operate a website to promote or facilitate prostitution. The bill would permit a state to prosecute promotion of online prostitution or trafficking under state law as long as the state's laws mirror federal prohibitions. The bill would also allow the victims of online sex trafficking or prostitution to recover civil damages from the website operator and from those who developed or posted the material. Passed 97-2. *NAPO Supported.*
7. **Vote #63: HR 1625 – Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 – Motion to Concur.** March 23, 2018. Motion to concur in the House amendment to the Senate amendment to the bill that would provide roughly \$1.3 trillion in funding for federal government operations and services through Sept. 30, 2018. The measure would provide a total of \$654.6 billion in additional funding to the Defense Department, including \$589.5 billion in discretionary funding and \$65.2 billion in funding for the Overseas Contingency Operations account. It would provide \$98.7 billion to the Health and Human Services Department, including \$5.1 billion to the Food and Drug Administration and \$5.5 billion to the Indian Health Service. It would provide \$3.4 billion to the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration for substance abuse block grants, and would provide roughly \$3.7 billion to the National Institutes of Health, including an additional \$500 million for research into opioid addiction. It would provide \$47.7 billion to the Homeland Security Department, including \$1.6 billion for the purpose of bolstering security measures on the U.S.-Mexico border, including the construction of new fencing along sections of the border, and would provide \$7.1 billion for Immigration and Customs Enforcement operations and enforcement. *The measure includes provisions from multiple bills related to school safety and firearms regulations, including a bill (S 2135) that would require the Department of Justice to certify that appropriate records have been submitted to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System by federal agencies and state governments with respect to individuals who are not eligible to purchase firearms. The measure includes language from the bill (S 2495) that would authorize \$75 million a year through fiscal 2028 for the Secure Our Schools grant program and would revise it to more explicitly focus the program on preventing student violence.* Motion agreed to 65-32. *NAPO Supported.*
8. **Vote #210: HR 6 – SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act – Passage.** September 17, 2018. Passage of the bill that would modify Medicare and Medicaid and a variety of other health programs in relation to opioid abuse. It would authorize \$500 million annually, for fiscal 2019 through fiscal 2021, for opioid-response grants to states and tribes. It would authorize 10 million annually, for fiscal 2019 through fiscal 2023, for the establishment and operation of opioid recovery centers. It would also authorize the Office of National Drug Control Policy. It would require a study on Medicaid drug review and utilization requirements. The Senate amendment to the bill would remove provisions in the House bill that would allow for Medicaid reimbursements for residential substance abuse facilities and would also not require offsets. Passed 99-1. *NAPO Supported.*
9. **Vote #221: HR 6 – SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act – Motion to Concur.** October 03, 2018. Motion to concur in the House amendment to the Senate amendment to the bill that would modify Medicare and Medicaid and a variety of other health programs in relation to opioid abuse. It would expand both Medicare and Medicaid to cover medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorder and would place new requirements on states regarding Medicaid drug review and utilization requirements. It would appropriate \$15 million annually, from fiscal 2019 through 2023, to support the establishment or operation of public health laboratories to detect synthetic opioids. It would allow Medicaid patients with opioid use or cocaine use disorders to stay up to 30 days per year in certain treatment facilities with more than 16 beds. Motion agreed to 98-1. *NAPO Supported.*

10. **Vote #268: S 756 – FIRST STEP Act – Amendment.** December 18, 2018. Kennedy, R-La., amendment no. 4109, Pt. 1, that would require the Bureau of Prisons to notify victims, or victims' next-of-kin, of the date on which an offender is set to be released, and would require the bureau to make publicly available the offender's rearrest data. Rejected 32-67. *NAPO Supported.*
11. **Vote #269: S 756 – FIRST STEP Act – Amendment.** December 18, 2018. Kennedy, R-La., amendment no. 4109, Pt. 2, that would require a warden of a given federal correctional facility to approve of the release of a prisoner under their direction after having notified the victim of the offender being released, and after having reviewed any statement made by the victim or the victim's next-of-kin. Rejected 33-66. *NAPO Supported.*
12. **Vote #270: S 756 – FIRST STEP Act – Amendment.** December 18, 2018. Kennedy, R-La., amendment no. 4109, Pt. 3, that would add nine offenses to a list of those that would prevent inmates from qualifying for a program that would allow them to serve a latter part of their sentence in a halfway house or home confinement. Rejected 37-62. *NAPO Supported.*
13. **Vote #271: S 756 – FIRST STEP Act – Motion to Concur.** December 18, 2018. Motion to concur in the House amendment to the bill with a further Senate amendment, as modified, that would seek to reduce numbers of federally incarcerated individuals through changes in sentencing laws. The bill would seek to do so, in part, by allowing judges more flexibility when handing down sentences below the mandatory minimum for nonviolent drug offenders. It would also establish programs to provide support for prisoners returning to society in an attempt to reduce rates of recidivation. Motion agreed to 87-12. *NAPO Opposed.*

NOTE: NAPO had several legislative victories in the Senate in the first term of the 115th Congress that are not included in this report as they were passed by unanimous consent, which does not record how each individual senator voted for the legislation. This document only tracks yea/nay votes in order that we can attribute support or opposition to senators on NAPO's priority legislation and analyze their support for our positions in a meaningful way.

NAPO priority legislation that passed the Senate by unanimous consent:

- S. 139: Rapid DNA Act (*Support*)
- S. 419: Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) Improvement Act (*Support*)
- S. 597: Children of Fallen Heroes Scholarship Act (*Support*)
- S. 782: PROTECT Our Children Act (*Support*)
- S. 867 / H.R. 2228: Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act (*Support*)
- S. 1311: Abolish Human Trafficking Act (*Support*)
- S. 2680: Opioid Crisis Response Act of 2018 (*Support*)
- H.R. 1892: Honoring Hometown Heroes Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 2142: INTERDICT Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 3249: Project Safe Neighborhoods Grant Program Authorization Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 3834: 9/11 Heroes Medal of Valor Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 4854: Justice Served Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 5075: Ashanti Alert Act (*Support*)

For more information on these bills, please view NAPO's Legislative Positions document on our website, www.napo.org.



Report Card

115th Congress

House Votes



A description of the **National Association of Police Organizations** Legislative Priorities

Representing America's Finest

NAPO's Priority Votes

115th Congress, United States House of Representatives

In order of House Roll Call Vote.

1st Session - 2017

1. **Vote #265: HR 115 – Thin Blue Line Act – Passage.** May 18, 2017. This bill would require courts and juries to consider if a defendant killed or attempted to kill a state law enforcement officer, local law enforcement officer or first responder as an aggravating factor when determining whether to impose the death sentence on a defendant. Passed 271-143. *NAPO Supported.*
2. **Vote #266: HR 1892 – Honoring Hometown Heroes Act – Passage.** May 18, 2017. The bill would allow the governor of a state, territory, possession or the mayor of the District of Columbia to order that the United States flag be flown at half-staff to honor the death of a first responder who dies while serving in the line of duty. Motion agreed to 411-1. *NAPO Supported.*
3. **Vote #268: HR 1039 – Probation Officer Protection Act – Passage.** May 19, 2017. This bill would authorize probation officers, during the course of their official duties, to arrest an individual without a warrant if there is probable cause that the individual has assaulted or impeded the officer. It would require the Administrative Office of the United States Courts to issue rules and regulations governing probation officers' use of expanded arrest authority. Passed 229-177. *NAPO Supported.*
4. **Vote #284: HR 1761 – Protecting Against Child Exploitation Act – Passage.** May 25, 2017. This bill would make the production of child pornography a crime regardless of whether the sexual conduct with the minor was initiated for the purposes of producing such content. The bill would establish new offenses that could be prosecuted as child pornography and subjected to the same mandatory minimum prison sentences as current child pornography crimes, including live streaming a child engaged in sexually-explicit conduct, whether produced domestically or abroad. Passed 368-51. *NAPO Supported.*
5. **Vote #550: S 782 – PROTECT Our Children Act – Passage.** October 03, 2017. This bill would reauthorize, through fiscal 2022, \$60 million annually for the Justice Department's Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force program. Motion agreed to 417-3. *NAPO Supported.*
6. **Vote #637: HR 1 – Tax Cuts and Jobs Act – Passage.** November 16, 2017. This bill would revise the federal income tax system by: lowering individual and corporate tax rates; consolidating the current seven tax income rates into four rates; eliminating the deduction for state and local income taxes; limiting certain deductions for property taxes and home mortgages; and creating a new system of taxing U.S. corporations with foreign subsidiaries. Specifically, it would eliminate personal exemptions and would nearly double the standard deduction. It would raise the child tax credit through 2022, repeal the alternative minimum

tax, repeal the estate tax in 2025 and reduce the gift tax rate in 2025. It would establish a new top tax rate for pass-through business income and would modify tax credits related to energy production. Passed 227-205. *NAPO opposed provisions that would eliminated the state and local tax (SALT) deduction and apply the unrelated business income tax (UBIT) to public pension plans.*

7. **Vote #699: HR 1 – Tax Cuts and Jobs Act – Motion to Concur.** December 20, 2017. Motion to concur in the Senate amendment to the tax overhaul that would revise the federal income tax system by: lowering the corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent; lowering individual tax rates through 2025; limiting state and local deductions to \$10,000 through 2025; decreasing the limit on deductible mortgage debt through 2025; and creating a new system of taxing U.S. corporations with foreign subsidiaries. Specifically, it would repeal personal exemptions and would roughly double the standard deduction through 2025. It would raise the child tax credit to \$2,000 through 2025, would repeal the alternative minimum tax for corporations and provide for broader exemptions to the tax for individuals through 2025. It would double individual exemptions to the estate tax and gift tax through 2025, and would establish a new top tax rate for "pass-through" business income through 2025. It would effectively eliminate the penalty for not purchasing health insurance under the 2010 health care overhaul law in 2019. It would also open portions of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil and gas drilling. Motion agreed to 224-201. *NAPO opposed the provision capping the state and local tax (SALT) deduction.*

2nd Session - 2018

8. **Vote #91: HR 1865 – Allow States and Victims to Fight Online Sex Trafficking – Passage.** February 27, 2018. Passage of the bill that would explicitly make the use or operation of a website to promote or facilitate prostitution a federal crime. It would allow states to prosecute such conduct under state law, regardless of the immunity provisions in the 1996 Communications Decency Act, as long as the state's laws mirror federal prohibitions, and would allow victims of such sex trafficking or prostitution to recover civil damages from the website operator. Passed 388-25. *NAPO Supported.*
9. **Vote #127: HR 1625 – Fiscal 2018 Omnibus Appropriations – Motion to Concur.** March 22, 2018. Motion to concur in the Senate amendment to the bill with a further amendment that would provide roughly \$1.3 trillion in funding for federal government operations and services through Sept. 30, 2018. The measure would provide a total of \$654.6 billion in additional funding to the Defense Department, including \$589.5 billion in discretionary funding and \$65.2 billion in funding for the Overseas Contingency Operations account. It would provide \$98.7 billion to the Health and Human Services Department, including \$5.1 billion to the Food and Drug Administration and \$5.5 billion to the Indian Health Service. *It would provide \$3.4 billion to the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration for substance abuse block grants, and would provide roughly \$3.7 billion to the National Institutes of Health, including an additional \$500 million for research into opioid addiction.* It would provide \$47.7 billion to the Homeland Security Department, including \$1.6 billion for the purpose of bolstering security measures on the U.S.-Mexico border, including the construction of new fencing along sections of the border, and would provide \$7.1 billion for Immigration and Customs Enforcement operations and enforcement. *The measure includes provisions from multiple bills related to school safety and firearms regulations, including a bill (S 2135) that would require the Department of Justice to certify that appropriate records have been submitted to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System by federal agencies and state governments with respect to individuals who are not eligible to purchase firearms. The measure includes language from the bill (S 2495) that would authorize \$75 million a year through fiscal 2028 for the Secure Our Schools grant program and would revise it to more explicitly focus the program on preventing student violence.* Motion agreed to 256-167. *NAPO Supported.*

- 10. Vote #175: HR 2152 – Citizens Right to Know Act – Passage.** May 9, 2018. Passage of the bill would require state and local governments that receive Justice Department grants for pretrial services to submit annually a report to the attorney general that would include the names of defendants who received services, their prior convictions where applicable, and the amount of money that had been allocated for pretrial services. The bill also states that if a state or local government were to fail to submit such a report, it could lose grant funding for the following year. Passed 221-197. *NAPO Supported.*
- 11. Vote #182: HR 4854 – Justice Served Act – Passage.** May 15, 2018. Motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would require the Justice Department, in fiscal 2019 through fiscal 2022, to award five to seven percent of grants given to prosecutors to be awarded for the purpose of increasing the capacity of state and local prosecutors to address cold cases involving violent crime, in which suspects have been identified through DNA evidence. Motion agreed to 377-1. *NAPO Supported.*
- 12. Vote #188: HR 5698 – Protect and Serve Act – Passage.** May 16, 2018. Passage of the bill that would limit the punishment of knowingly causing harm to a law enforcement officer to 10 years in imprisonment and a fine, which would increase to life imprisonment if the offence includes death, kidnapping, attempted kidnapping, or an attempt to kill. The bill would also allow for federal prosecution of the stated crime in certain situations including if the offence crosses state lines, the state verdict demonstrably does not serve the federal interest in protecting the public, or prosecution by the federal government is in the public interest. Passed 382-35. *NAPO Supported.*
- 13. Vote #239: HR 3249 – Project Safe Neighborhoods Grant Program Authorization Act – Motion to Concur.** June 06, 2018. Motion to concur in the Senate amendment to the bill that would establish a Project Safe Neighborhoods Block Grant Program within the Justice Department to create partnerships between local, state and federal law enforcement agencies to fight criminal street gangs. It would authorize \$50 million a year from fiscal 2019 through fiscal 2021 for the program to assist law enforcement agencies in combating gang crimes, and to develop intervention and prevention initiatives. The bill would not contain a provision barring the authorization of funds for certain other Justice Department programs related to gun crime and gang violence. Motion agreed to 394-13. *NAPO Supported.*
- 14. Vote #288: HR 6 – SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act – Passage.** June 22, 2018. Passage of the bill that would modify Medicare and Medicaid and a variety of other health programs in relation to opioid abuse. It would expand both Medicare and Medicaid to cover medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorder, would require all state Medicaid programs, beginning Jan 1, 2020, to operate pharmacy programs that identify people at high risk of abusing controlled substance, and would place new requirements on states regarding Medicaid drug review and utilization requirements. It would appropriate \$15 million annually, from fiscal 2019 through 2023, to support the establishment or operation of public health laboratories to detect synthetic opioids. Passed 396-14. *NAPO Supported.*
- 15. Vote #393: HR 6691 – Community Safety and Security Act – Passage.** September 07, 2018. Passage of the bill that would specify that any of the following acts would be defined as a "crime of violence" which could be used in determining whether a crime is an aggravated felony, including: murder; voluntary manslaughter; assault; certain types of sexual abuse; abusive sexual contact; child abuse; kidnapping; robbery; carjacking; firearms use; burglary; arson; extortion; communication of threats; coercion; fleeing via a motor vehicle; interference with airline flight crews members; domestic violence; hostage taking; stalking; human trafficking; piracy; certain terrorism offenses; and unlawful possession or use of a weapon of mass destruction. Passed 247-152. *NAPO Supported.*
- 16. Vote #448: S 756 – FIRST STEP Act – Passage.** December 20, 2018. Motion to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the House amendment to the bill that would seek to reduce numbers of federally incarcerated individuals through changes in sentencing laws. The bill would seek to do so, in

part, by allowing judges more flexibility when handing down sentences below the mandatory minimum for nonviolent drug offenders. It would also establish programs to provide support for prisoners returning to society in an attempt to reduce rates of recidivation. Motion agreed to 358-36. *NAPO Opposed.*

NOTE: NAPO had several legislative victories in the House of Representatives in the first term of the 115th Congress that are not included in this report as they were passed by voice vote, which does not record how each individual member voted for the legislation. This document only tracks yea/nay votes in order that we can attribute support or opposition to members of Congress on NAPO's priority legislation and analyze their support for our positions in a meaningful way.

NAPO's priority legislation that passed the House by voice vote:

- H.R. 387: Email Privacy Act (*Oppose*)
- H.R. 449: Synthetic Drug Awareness Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 510: Rapid DNA Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 883: Targeting Child Predators Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 1188: Adam Walsh Reauthorization Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 1428: American Law Enforcement Heroes Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 2142: INTERDICT Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 2228: Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act (*Support*)
- H.R. 3834: 9/11 Heroes Medal of Valor Act (*Support*)
- S. 419: Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) Improvement Act (*Support*)

For more information on these bills, please view NAPO's Legislative Positions document on our website, www.napo.org.

Senate Votes by State

		Roll Call Votes:	271	270	269	268	221	210	63	60	323	303	114	59	55
		Date:	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2017	2017	2017	2017	2017
		NAPO Position:	Yea	Yea	Yea	Nay	Nay	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea	Nay
MEMBER	PARTY	% Agreed with NAPO													
Alabama															
Shelby	R	69%	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Strange	R	100%										+	+	+	
Alaska															
Murkowski	R	69%	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Sullivan	R	62%	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
Arizona															
Flake	R	62%	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
McCain	R	80%							X	X	(+)	+	+	+	-
Arkansas															
Boozman	R	77%	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Cotton	R	62%	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
California															
Feinstein	D	46%	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+
Harris K.	D	38%	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+
Colorado															
Bennet	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Gardner	R	69%	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
Connecticut															
Blumenthal	D	46%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+
Murphy C.	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Delaware															
Carper	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Coons	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Florida															
Nelson	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Rubio	R	69%	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Georgia															
Isakson	R	77%	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Perdue	R	69%	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
Hawaii															
Hirono	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Schatz	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+
Idaho															
Crapo	R	69%	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
Risch	R	62%	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
Illinois															

Lee M.	R	62%	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	
Vermont																
Leahy	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
Sanders	I	46%	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	
Virginia																
Kaine	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
Warner	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
Washington																
Cantwell	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
Murray	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
West Virginia																
Capito	R	77%	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	
Manchin	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	
Wisconsin																
Baldwin	D	54%	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
Johnson R.	R	69%	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	
Wyoming																
Barrasso	R	62%	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	
Enzi	R	62%	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	

Vote Key	
+ Member's yea/nay vote agrees with NAPO's position	- Member's yea/nay vote disagrees with NAPO's position
(-) Member's announced/paired position disagrees with NAPO's position	(+) Member's announced/paired position agrees with NAPO's position
X Member did not cast a yea/nay vote or officially declare a position	I Member was ineligible to vote

House Votes by State

				Roll Call Votes	448	393	288	239	188	182	175	127	91	699	637	550	284	268	266	265	
				Date	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2017	2017	2017	2017	2017	2017	2017	2017
				NAPO Position:	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea	Nay	Nay	Yea	Nay								
STATE/ DISTRICT	MEMBER	PARTY	% Agreed with NAPO																		
Alabama																					
1	Byrne	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	
2	Roby	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Rogers M.	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Aderholt	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Brooks M.	R	60%	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Palmer	R	69%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Sewell	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
Alaska																					
AL	Young Don	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Arizona																					
1	O'Halleran	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	McSally	R	87%	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	(+)	+	+	+	-
3	Grijalva	D	53%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	X	+	
4	Gosar	R	38%	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	
5	Biggs	R	47%	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	-
6	Schweikert	R	63%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
7	Gallego	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
8	Franks	R	83%													+	+	+	+	+	-
9	Sinema	D	67%	X	+	+	+	+	+	(-)	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
Arkansas																					
1	Crawford	R	85%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	
2	Hill	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-
3	Womack	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Westerman	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
California																					
1	LaMalfa	R	69%	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Huffman	D	53%	+	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	
3	Garamendi	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	McClintock	R	50%	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Thompson M.	D	69%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Matsui	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
7	Bera	D	69%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
8	Cook	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
9	McNerney	D	64%	+	-	+	X	+	+	X	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
10	Denham	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
11	DeSaulnier	D	44%	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	
12	Pelosi	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
13	Lee B.	D	47%	+	-	+	(+)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	+	+	
14	Speier	D	71%	+	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
15	Swalwell	D	53%	X	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	(+)	(-)	(+)	(-)	
16	Costa	D	71%	X	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	X	+	+	
17	Khanna	D	50%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	
18	Eshoo	D	69%	+	(-)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
19	Lofgren	D	64%	+	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	X	+	+	
20	Panetta	D	63%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
21	Valadao	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
22	Nunes	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
23	McCarthy	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
24	Carbajal	D	69%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
25	Knight	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
26	Brownley	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	
27	Chu	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	
28	Schiff	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	

29	Cardenas	D	60%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	X	+	+
30	Sherman	D	63%	+	-	+	(+)	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
31	Aguilar	D	53%	+	-	+	X	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
32	Napolitano	D	67%	+	-	+	+	+	(-)	+	-	+	(-)	-	+	+	X	(+)	(+)
33	Lieu	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
34	Gomez	D	55%	+	-	+	+	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	+				
35	Torres	D	53%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
36	Ruiz	D	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
37	Bass	D	50%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
38	Sanchez	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
39	Royce	R	80%	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
40	Roybal-Allard	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	(-)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
41	Takano	D	50%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
42	Calvert	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
43	Waters Maxine	D	53%	+	-	+	X	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
44	Barragan	D	56%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
45	Walters Mimi	R	80%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
46	Correa	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
47	Lowenthal	D	53%	X	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
48	Rohrabacher	R	53%	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
49	Issa	R	71%	X	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
50	Hunter	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
51	Vargas	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
52	Peters S.	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
53	Davis S.	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	(+)	-	+	+
Colorado																			
1	DeGette	D	64%	+	-	+	+	X	X	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Polis	D	57%	X	+	+	X	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
3	Tipton	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
4	Buck	R	60%	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-
5	Lamborn	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
6	Coffman	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Perlmutter	D	69%	+	-	+	(+)	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
Connecticut																			
1	Larson J.	D	73%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	X	+	+
2	Courtney	D	75%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
3	DeLauro	D	75%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
4	Himes	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	(+)	+	-	+	+
5	Esty	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Delaware																			
AL	Blunt Rochester	D	73%	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Florida																			
1	Gaetz	R	56%	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Dunn	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Yoho	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Rutherford	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Lawson	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
6	DeSantis	R	71%		X	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Murphy	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
8	Posey	R	63%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
9	Soto	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
10	Demings	D	67%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	X	+	-
11	Webster	R	75%	+	+	+	+	(+)	(-)	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
12	Bilirakis	R	81%	+	+	+	(+)	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
13	Crist	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
14	Castor	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
15	Ross	R	80%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
16	Buchanan	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
17	Rooney T.	R	79%	+	X	X	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	(+)	(-)
18	Mast	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
19	Rooney F.	R	80%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	-
20	Hastings	D	47%	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
21	Frankel	D	63%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+

2	Jenkins L.	R	73%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
3	Yoder	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Estes	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Kentucky																			
1	Comer	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
2	Guthrie	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Yarmuth	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
4	Massie	R	38%	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+
5	Rogers H.	R	81%	+	+	+	+	(+)	(-)	(-)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Barr	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Louisiana																			
1	Scalise	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Richmond	D	73%	+	X	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	X	+	+
3	Higgins C.	R	69%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Johnson M.	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Abraham	R	69%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Graves G.	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Maine																			
1	Pingree	D	67%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	X	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Poliquin	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Maryland																			
1	Harris A.	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Ruppersberger	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
3	Sarbanes	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
4	Brown A.	D	69%	+	-	+	+	(+)	(-)	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
5	Hoyer	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
6	Delaney	D	75%	+	-	(+)	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
7	Cummings	D	67%	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	X	X	-	-	+	X	-	+	+
8	Raskin	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Massachusetts																			
1	Neal	D	80%	+	X	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
2	McGovern	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
3	Tsongas	D	79%	+	X	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
4	Kennedy Joseph P.	D	71%	+	X	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	X	-	+	+	-	+	+
5	Clark K.	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
6	Moulton	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
7	Capuano	D	64%	X	X	+	+	+	(-)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
8	Lynch	D	73%	+	+	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
9	Keating	D	80%	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
Michigan																			
1	Bergman	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Huizenga	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	(+)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Amash	R	44%	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+
4	Moolenaar	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Kildee	R	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
6	Upton	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Walberg	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
8	Bishop M.	R	79%	X	+	+	X	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
9	Levin	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
10	Mitchell	R	88%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
11	Trott	R	79%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
12	Dingell	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
13	Conyers	D	50%											-	+	-	-	+	+
14	Lawrence	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Minnesota																			
1	Walz	D	70%	X	X	X	X	+	X	+	X	(+)	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Lewis Jason	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
3	Paulsen	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	McCollum	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
5	Ellison	D	54%	+	X	X	X	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
6	Emmer	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	(-)	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Peterson	D	67%	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
8	Nolan	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	(+)	-	+	+

Mississippi																			
1	Kelly T.	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
2	Thompson B.	D	69%	X	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	X	+	-
3	Harper	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Palazzo	R	73%	-	+	+	X	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Missouri																			
1	Clay	D	60%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	X	+	+
2	Wagner	R	80%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-
3	Luetkemeyer	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Hartzler	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Cleaver	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	(+)	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
6	Graves S.	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Long	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	(+)	+	+	(+)	+	+	+	-
8	Smith J.	R	63%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
Montana																			
AL	Gianforte	R	73%	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+				
Nebraska																			
1	Fortenberry	R	80%	+	+	+	X	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Bacon	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Smith Adrian	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	(+)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Nevada																			
1	Titus	D	60%	+	(-)	X	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	(+)	+	-	+	+
2	Amodei	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Rosen	D	73%	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	(+)	+	+	+	-
4	Kihuen	D	57%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	X	X	-	+	+
New Hampshire																			
1	Shea-Porter	D	71%	X	X	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Kuster	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	(+)	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
New Jersey																			
1	Norcross	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
2	LoBiondo	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
3	MacArthur	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Smith C.	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
5	Gottheimer	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
6	Pallone	D	50%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
7	Lance	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
8	Sires	D	75%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
9	Pascrell	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
10	Payne	D	53%	+	-	X	+	-	-	+	+	(+)	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
11	Frelinghuysen	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
12	Watson Coleman	D	44%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
New Mexico																			
1	Lujan Grisham M.	D	67%	X	+	+	+	+	(-)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Pearce	R	67%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Lujan B.R.	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
New York																			
1	Zeldin	R	63%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
2	King P.	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
3	Suozi	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	(+)
4	Rice K.	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
5	Meeks	D	64%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	X	X	-	+	+
6	Meng	D	60%	+	-	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
7	Velazquez	D	56%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
8	Jeffries	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
9	Clarke Y.	D	50%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
10	Nadler	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
11	Donovan	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
12	Maloney C.	D	60%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	X	-	+	+
13	Espailat	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
14	Crowley	D	60%	X	-	(+)	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
15	Serrano	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
16	Engel	D	60%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
17	Lowey	D	67%	+	-	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+

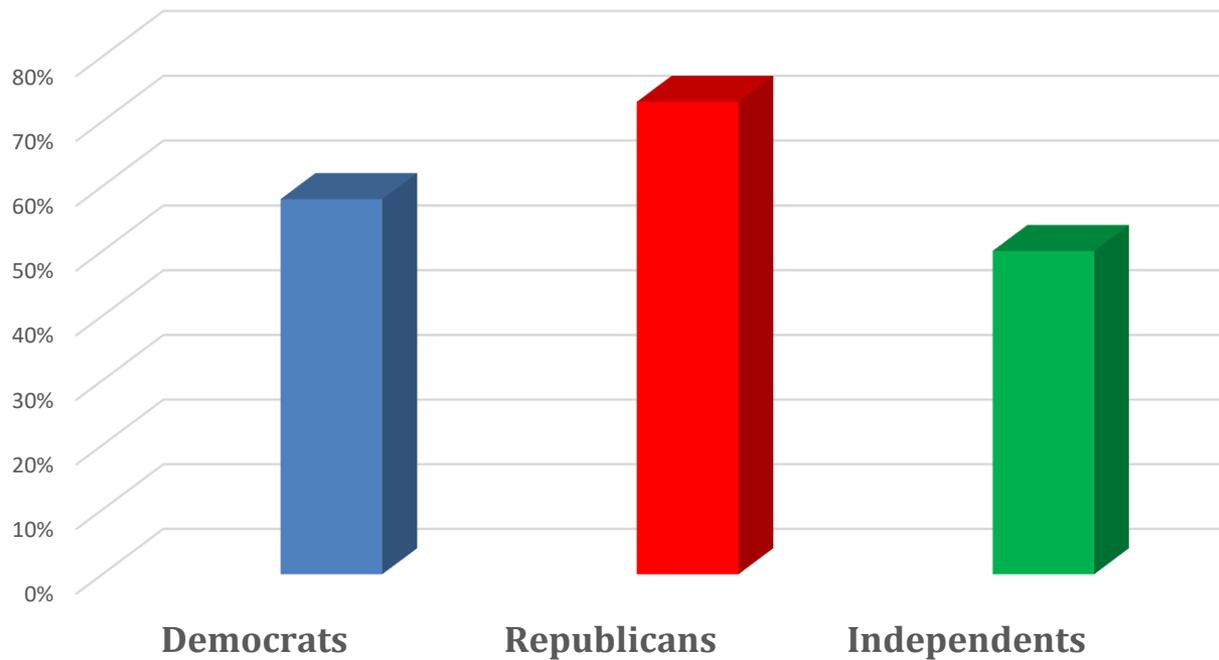
9	Shuster	R	87%	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
10	Marino	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	(-)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
11	Barletta	R	87%	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
12	Rothfus	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
13	Boyle	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	(-)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
14	Doyle	D	73%	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
15	Dent	R	80%							-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
15	Thompson G.	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	(-)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
16	Smucker	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	(-)	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
17	Cartwright	D	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
18	Murphy T.	R	80%												+	+	+	+	-
Rhode Island																			
1	Cicilline	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Langevin	D	75%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
South Carolina																			
1	Sanford	R	44%	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
2	Wilson J.	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	-	(-)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Duncan Jeff	R	64%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	X	+	-
4	Gowdy	R	87%	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Norman	R	67%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+				
6	Clyburn	D	67%	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
7	Rice T.	R	69%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
South Dakota																			
AL	Noem	R	60%	X	X	X	X	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	-
Tennessee																			
1	Roe	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Duncan John	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
3	Fleischmann	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	DesJarlais	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Cooper	D	75%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
6	Black D.	R	69%	X	+	X	+	+	-	-	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Blackburn	R	71%	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-
8	Kustoff	R	73%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	-
9	Cohen	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Texas																			
1	Gohmert	R	57%	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X
2	Poe	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Johnson S.	R	82%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	X
4	Ratcliffe	R	73%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
5	Hensarling	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Barton	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Culberson	R	80%	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
8	Brady K.	R	87%	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
9	Green A.	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
10	McCaul	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
11	Conaway	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
12	Granger	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
13	Thornberry	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
14	Weber	R	69%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
15	Gonzalez	D	50%	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
16	O'Rourke	D	60%	+	-	X	+	+	(-)	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
17	Flores	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
18	Jackson Lee	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
19	Arrington	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
20	Castro	D	56%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
21	Smith L.	R	79%	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	-
22	Olson	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
23	Hurd	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
24	Marchant	R	75%	-	+	(+)	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
25	Williams	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
26	Burgess	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
27	Farenthold	R	78%								-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
28	Cuellar	D	73%	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-

29	Green G.	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
30	Johnson E.B.	D	60%	+	-	+	+	-	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
31	Carter J.	R	73%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
32	Sessions	R	86%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X
33	Veasey	D	56%	+	-	(+)	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
34	Vela	D	60%	X	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
35	Doggett	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
36	Babin	R	63%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
Utah																			
1	Bishop R.	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Stewart	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Curtis	R	82%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+					
4	Love	R	73%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Vermont																			
AL	Welch	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Virginia																			
1	Wittman	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
2	Taylor	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3	Scott R.	D	50%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
4	McEachin	D	57%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	X	X
5	Garrett	R	56%	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
6	Goodlatte	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Brat	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
8	Beyer	D	57%	+	-	+	+	X	X	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
9	Griffith	R	56%	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
10	Comstock	R	80%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
11	Connolly	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
Washington																			
1	DelBene	D	69%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
2	Larsen R.	D	73%	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
3	Herrera Beutler	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
4	Newhouse	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	X
5	McMorris Rodgers	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Kilmer	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
7	Jayapal	D	44%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
8	Reichert	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
9	Smith Adam	D	44%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	(-)	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
10	Heck	D	63%	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
West Virginia																			
1	McKinley	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
2	Mooney	R	69%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
3	Jenkins E.	R	79%		X	+	+	+	-	(-)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Wisconsin																			
1	Ryan P.	R	100%	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	+	X	+	+	X	X	X	X	X
2	Pocan	D	56%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	(-)	(+)	+	-	-	+	+
3	Kind	D	67%	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
4	Moore	D	50%	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+
5	Sensenbrenner	R	75%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6	Grothman	R	69%	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
7	Duffy	R	75%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
8	Gallagher	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Wyoming																			
AL	Cheney	R	81%	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-

Vote Key	
+ Member's yea/nay vote agrees with NAPO's position	- Member's yea/nay vote disagrees with NAPO's position
(-) Member's announced/paired position disagrees with NAPO's position	(+) Member's announced/paired position agrees with NAPO's position
X Member did not cast a yea/nay vote or officially declare a position	Member was ineligible to vote

Summary of NAPO Support in the 115th Congress

NAPO SUPPORT BY PARTY



Support by State

STATE	% Agreed with NAPO		Average Total % State Support
	SENATE	HOUSE	
Alabama	85%	71%	78%
Alaska	66%	75%	71%
Arizona	71%	64%	68%
Arkansas	70%	79%	75%
California	42%	64%	53%
Colorado	62%	68%	65%
Connecticut	50%	72%	61%
Delaware	54%	73%	64%
Florida	62%	70%	66%
Georgia	73%	73%	73%
Hawaii	54%	65%	60%
Idaho	66%	67%	67%
Illinois	54%	70%	62%
Indiana	66%	75%	71%
Iowa	62%	75%	69%
Kansas	69%	81%	75%
Kentucky	66%	69%	68%
Louisiana	66%	74%	70%
Maine	62%	74%	68%
Maryland	54%	68%	61%
Massachusetts	42%	71%	57%
Michigan	58%	73%	66%
Minnesota	59%	69%	64%
Mississippi	78%	73%	76%
Missouri	62%	73%	68%
Montana	62%	73%	68%
Nebraska	66%	79%	73%
Nevada	66%	68%	67%
New Hampshire	54%	73%	64%
New Jersey	46%	65%	56%
New Mexico	54%	66%	60%
New York	46%	66%	56%
North Carolina	69%	70%	70%
North Dakota	66%	77%	72%
Ohio	66%	75%	71%
Oklahoma	70%	76%	73%
Oregon	46%	70%	58%
Pennsylvania	62%	77%	70%
Rhode Island	54%	72%	63%
South Carolina	77%	68%	73%
South Dakota	73%	60%	67%
Tennessee	66%	73%	70%
Texas	76%	72%	74%
Utah	66%	81%	74%
Vermont	50%	69%	60%
Virginia	54%	67%	61%
Washington	54%	67%	61%
West Virginia	66%	76%	71%
Wisconsin	62%	72%	67%
Wyoming	62%	81%	72%

States by Support

STATE	Average Total % State Support
Alabama	78%
Mississippi	76%
Kansas	75%
Arkansas	75%
Texas	74%
Utah	74%
Georgia	73%
Oklahoma	73%
Nebraska	73%
South Carolina	73%
North Dakota	72%
Wyoming	72%
West Virginia	71%
Alaska	71%
Indiana	71%
Ohio	71%
Louisiana	70%
Pennsylvania	70%
Tennessee	70%
North Carolina	70%
Iowa	69%
Maine	69%
Arizona	68%
Kentucky	68%
Missouri	68%
Montana	68%
Nevada	67%
Wisconsin	67%
Idaho	67%
South Dakota	67%
Florida	66%
Michigan	66%
Colorado	65%
Minnesota	65%
Delaware	64%
New Hampshire	64%
Rhode Island	63%
Illinois	62%
Maryland	61%
Connecticut	61%
Virginia	61%
Washington	61%
New Mexico	60%
Hawaii	60%
Vermont	60%
Oregon	58%
Massachusetts	57%
New York	56%
New Jersey	56%
California	53%